



**AUTHORITY: The Secretary of State for the Home
Department (acting through the Home Office)**

SCHEDULE 1 DEFINITIONS

Campsfield House Immigration Removal Centre Contract

SCHEDULE 1

1 DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires, capitalised expressions shall have the meanings set out in this Schedule 1 (*Definitions*) or the relevant Schedule in which that capitalised expression appears.
- 1.2 If a capitalised expression does not have an interpretation in this Schedule or any other Schedule, it shall, in the first instance, be interpreted in accordance with the common interpretation within the relevant market sector/industry where appropriate. Otherwise, it shall be interpreted in accordance with the dictionary meaning.
- 1.3 In the Contract, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 1.3.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
 - 1.3.2 reference to a gender includes the other gender and the neuter;
 - 1.3.3 references to a person include an individual, company, body corporate, corporation, unincorporated association, firm, partnership or other legal entity or Crown Body;
 - 1.3.4 a reference to any Law includes a reference to that Law as amended, extended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time;
 - 1.3.5 the words "**including**", "**other**", "**in particular**", "**for example**" and similar words shall not limit the generality of the preceding words and shall be construed as if they were immediately followed by the words "**without limitation**";
 - 1.3.6 references to "**writing**" include typing, printing, lithography, photography, display on a screen, electronic and facsimile transmission and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, and expressions referring to writing shall be construed accordingly;
 - 1.3.7 references to "**representations**" shall be construed as references to present facts, to "**warranties**" as references to present and future facts and to "**undertakings**" as references to obligations under the Contract;
 - 1.3.8 references to "**Clauses**" and "**Schedules**" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the clauses and schedules of the Core Terms and references in any Schedule to parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables are, unless otherwise provided, references to the parts, paragraphs, annexes and tables of the Schedule in which these references appear;
 - 1.3.9 references to "**Paragraphs**" are, unless otherwise provided, references to the paragraph of the appropriate Schedules unless otherwise provided; and
 - 1.3.10 references to a series of Clauses or Paragraphs shall be inclusive of the clause numbers specified.

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

- 1.3.11 the headings in the Contract are for ease of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or construction of the Contract; and
- 1.3.12 where the Buyer is a Crown Body it shall be treated as contracting with the Crown as a whole.
- 1.3.13 Any reference in this Contract which immediately before IP Completion Day (or such later date when relevant EU law ceases to have effect pursuant to Section 1A of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) is a reference to (as it has effect from time to time):
- (a) any EU regulation, EU decision, EU tertiary legislation or provision of the EEA agreement (“**EU References**”) which is to form part of domestic law by application of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 shall be read on and after IP Completion Day as a reference to the EU References as they form part of domestic law by virtue of Section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as modified by domestic law from time to time; and
 - (b) any EU institution or EU authority or other such EU body shall be read on and after IP Completion Day as a reference to the UK institution, authority or body to which its functions were transferred.
- 1.4 Where a standard, policy or document is referred to in this Contract by reference to a hyperlink, then if the hyperlink is changed or no longer provides access to the relevant standard, policy or document, the Supplier shall notify the Authority and the Parties shall update this Contract with a reference to the replacement hyperlink.

Unless otherwise provided or the context otherwise requires the following expressions shall have the meanings set out below.

“**1971 Act**” means the Immigration Act 1971;

“**1999 Act**” means the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999;

“**2002 Act**” means the Nationality, Immigration and Asylum Act 2002;

“**ACDT**” means Assessment Care in Detention and Teamwork;

“**Accounting Reference Date**” means in each year the date to which the Supplier prepares its annual audited financial statements;

“Achieve”

means:

- (a) in respect of a Test, to successfully pass a Test without any Test Issues; and
- (b) in respect of a Milestone, the issue of a Milestone Achievement Certificate in respect of that Milestone in accordance with the provisions of Schedule 14 (*Testing Procedures*),

and **“Achieved”** and **“Achievement”** shall be construed accordingly;

“Admitted”

means a Detainee that has entered the Removal Centre in accordance with Detention Service Orders, Detention Centre Rules 2001 and Detention Services Operating Standards Manual;

“Admission”

means admitting a Detainee to the IRC in accordance with Detention Centre Orders, Detention Centre Rules and Detention Centre Operating Standards, as applicable, effectively the point at which the Supplier accepts Detention Order (Form IS91);

“Adult at Risk”

means a person that is aged 18 years or over, who is particularly vulnerable to harm if they are placed in detention or remain in detention, according to the definitions within DSO 06/2018 ‘Management of Adults at Risk in Immigration Detention’;

“Affected Party”

means the Party seeking to claim relief in respect of a Force Majeure Event;

“Affiliate”

means in relation to a body corporate, any other entity which directly or indirectly Controls, is Controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common Control with, that body corporate from time to time;

“Allowable Price”

means in relation to the Retained Deliverables relating to a ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone, if any, an amount determined in accordance with the formula:

$$A - B$$

where:

- (a) A is an amount equal to the Costs incurred by the Supplier in providing or developing the relevant Retained Deliverables as reflected in the Financial Pricing Model together with an amount equal to the Anticipated Contract Life Service Profit Margin thereon; and

- (b) B is an amount equal to the Allowable Price Adjustment relating to the relevant Retained Deliverables, if any, or if there is no such Allowable Price Adjustment, zero,

provided that the Allowable Price for any Retained Deliverables shall in no circumstances exceed the aggregate amount of the Milestone Payments paid to the Supplier in respect of the Milestones (or in the case of Partial Termination, the Milestones for the parts of the Services terminated) relating to that ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone;

“Allowable Price Adjustment”

has the meaning given in Clause 32.8(c) (*Payments by the Supplier*);

“Annual Contract Report”

has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (*Financial Reports and Audit Rights*);

“Annual Revenue”

means, for the purposes of determining whether an entity is a Public Sector Dependent Supplier, the audited consolidated aggregate revenue (including share of revenue of joint ventures and Associates) reported by the Supplier or, as appropriate, the Supplier Group in its most recent published accounts, subject to the following methodology:

- (a) figures for accounting periods of other than 12 months should be scaled pro rata to produce a proforma figure for a 12 month period; and
- (b) where the Supplier, the Supplier Group and/or their joint ventures and Associates report in a foreign currency, revenue should be converted to British Pound Sterling at the closing exchange rate on the Accounting Reference Date;

“Anticipated Contract Life Service Profit Margin”

has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*);

“Approved Sub-Licensee”

means any of the following:

- (a) a Central Government Body;
- (b) any third party providing services to a Central Government Body; and/or
- (c) any body (including any private sector body) which performs or carries on any of the functions and/or activities that previously had

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

been performed and/or carried on by the Authority;

“Assets”

means all assets and rights used by the Supplier to provide the Services in accordance with this Contract but excluding the Authority Assets;

“Associated Person”

has the meaning given to it in Section 44(4) of the Criminal Finances Act 2017;

“Associates”

means, in relation to an entity, an undertaking in which the entity owns, directly or indirectly, between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises a degree of control sufficient for the undertaking to be treated as an associate under generally accepted accounting principles;

“Association”

means when Detainees have the opportunity to access the services within the Centre and associate with each other;

“Association Time”

means the period during which Detainees have the opportunity to access the services within the Centre and associate with each other;

“Assurance”

means written confirmation from a Relevant Authority to the Supplier that the CRP Information is approved by the Relevant Authority;

“ATP Milestone”

means the Milestone linked to a Relevant Authority to Proceed for the relevant Operational Services as set out in the Implementation Plan;

“Audit”

means any exercise by the Authority of its Audit Rights pursuant to Clause 12 (*Records, Reports, Audit and Open Book Data*) and Schedule 19 (*Financial Reports and Audit Rights*);

“Audit Agents”

means:

- (a) the Authority’s internal and external auditors;
- (b) the Authority’s statutory or regulatory auditors;
- (c) the Comptroller and Auditor General, their staff and/or any appointed representatives of the National Audit Office;
- (d) HM Treasury or the Cabinet Office;
- (e) any party formally appointed by the Authority to carry out audit or similar review functions; or
- (f) successors or assigns of any of the above;

“Audit Rights”

means the audit and access rights referred to in Schedule 19 (*Financial Reports and Audit Rights*);

“Authority”

means the Secretary of State for the Home Department

“Authority Assets”

means the Authority Materials, the Authority infrastructure and any other data, software, assets, equipment or other property owned by and/or licensed or leased to the Authority and which is or may be used in connection with the provision or receipt of the Services;

“Authority Background IPRs”

means:

- (a) IPRs owned by the Authority before the Effective Date, including IPRs contained in any of the Authority’s Know-How, documentation, processes and procedures;
- (b) IPRs created by the Authority independently of this Contract; and/or
- (c) Crown Copyright which is not available to the Supplier otherwise than under this Contract;

but excluding IPRs owned by the Authority subsisting in the Authority Software;

“Authority Cause”

means any material breach by the Authority of any of the Authority Responsibilities, except to the extent that such breach is:

- (a) the result of any act or omission by the Authority to which the Supplier has given its prior consent; or
- (b) caused by the Supplier, any Sub-contractor or any Supplier Personnel;

“Authority Data”

means:

- (a) the data, text, drawings, diagrams, images or sounds (together with any database made up of any of these) which are embodied in any electronic, magnetic, optical or tangible media, and which are:
 - (i) supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority; and/or
 - (ii) which the Supplier is required to generate, process, store or transmit pursuant to this Contract; or
- (b) any Personal Data for which the Authority is the Controller;

“Authority IT Strategy”

means the Authority's IT policy in force as at the Effective Date (a copy of which has been supplied to the Supplier), as updated from time to time in accordance with the Change Control Procedure;

“Authority Materials”

means the Authority Data together with any materials, documentation, information, programs and codes supplied by the Authority to the Supplier, the IPRs in which:

- (a) are owned or used by or on behalf of the Authority; and
- (b) are or may be used in connection with the provision or receipt of the Services,

but excluding any Project Specific IPRs, Specially Written Software, Supplier Software, Third Party Software and Documentation relating to Supplier Software or Third-Party Software;

“Authority Premises”

means premises owned, controlled or occupied by the Authority and/or any Central Government Body which are made available for use by the Supplier or its Sub-contractors for provision of the Services (or any of them);

“Authority Requirements”	means the requirements of the Authority set out in Schedules 2 (<i>Services Description</i>), 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>), 4 (<i>Standards</i>), 5 (<i>Security Management</i>), 6 (<i>Insurance Requirements</i>), 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>), 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>), 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>), 26 (<i>Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning</i>), 33 (<i>Social Value</i>), 34 (<i>Service Improvements</i>), 35 (<i>Maintenance and Cleaning</i>) and 38 (<i>Assets</i>);
“Authority Responsibilities”	means the responsibilities of the Authority specified in Schedule 7 (<i>Authority Responsibilities</i>);
“Authority Software”	means software which is owned by or licensed to the Authority (other than under or pursuant to this Contract) and which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purposes of providing the Services;
“Authority System”	means the Authority's computing environment (consisting of hardware, software and/or telecommunications networks or equipment) used by the Authority or the Supplier in connection with this Contract which is owned by the Authority or licensed to it by a third party and which interface with the Supplier System or which is necessary for the Authority to receive the Services;
“Authority to Proceed (Post Implementation)” OR “ATP(PI)”	means the authorisation provided by the Authority to the Supplier to commence the provision of the relevant Operational Services for an occupancy Level of 160 Available Detainee Places to the Authority and where the Supplier has complied with the requirements of Annex A of Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>) categorised as Implementation but not complied with the total requirements of Annex A;
“Authority to Proceed (Full Service)” or “ATP(FS)”	means the authorisation to the Supplier to commence the provision of the relevant Operational Services for an occupancy level of 400 Detainees Places to the Authority, provided by the Authority in the form of a Milestone Achievement Certificate in respect of the ATP Milestone;
“Authority’s Representative”	means the representative appointed by the Authority pursuant to Clause 11.4 (<i>Representatives</i>);

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Available Detainee Place”	a place for a single Detainee Place as certified for Rule 15, Rule 40, Rule 42 except where otherwise agreed by the Authority as part of maintenance.
“Balanced Scorecard Report”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 1.1(b) of Part B of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Baseline Security Requirements”	means the Authority's baseline security requirements, the current copy of which is contained in Annex 1 of Schedule 5 (<i>Security Management</i>), as updated from time to time by the Authority and notified to the Supplier;
“Bed Watch”	means where a Detainee requires hospital treatment, the Detainee shall remain in the custody of an employee of the Supplier who has been instructed by the Supplier to escort and stay with them during such treatment;
“Binding Bids”	A Compliant Binding Bid response provided by the Supplier which it will provide the Services for the prices and rates specified in the Binding tender, which the Authority reserves the right to evaluate and accept for Award;
“Board”	means the Supplier's board of directors;
“Board Confirmation”	means the written confirmation from the Board in accordance with Paragraph 8 of Schedule 18 (<i>Financial Distress</i>);
“Breakage Costs Payment”	has the meaning given in Schedule 16 (<i>Payments on Termination</i>);
“Buddy or Buddies”	means Detainees who volunteer for the role as a paid activity to support other Detainees in roles in the IRC;
“Cabinet Office Markets and Suppliers Team”	means the UK government's team responsible for managing the relationship between government and its Strategic Suppliers, or any replacement or successor body carrying out the same function;
“Campsfield Site”	means only the Site on which the Campsfield Immigration Removal Centre is situated, as identified in Schedule 36 (<i>Form of Lease</i>);
“Canine(s)”	means both Search Dogs and Patrol Dogs;

“Central Government Body”	means a body listed in one of the following sub-categories of the Central Government classification of the Public-Sector Classification Guide, as published and amended from time to time by the Office for National Statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Government Department;(b) Non-Departmental Public Body or Assembly Sponsored Public Body (advisory, executive, or tribunal);(c) Non-Ministerial Department; or(d) Executive Agency;
“Centre”	has the meaning given under Schedule 1 (<i>Definitions</i>) “Immigration Removal Centre or IRC” ;
“Centre Manager”	means the person or persons appointed by the Supplier and approved by the Authority who is the senior member of Staff in overall charge of the IRC;
“Certified”	means approved by a Senior Manager as meeting the required standard;
“Certificate of Costs”	has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>);
“Change”	means any change to this Contract;
“Change Authorisation Note”	means a form setting out an agreed Contract Change which shall be substantially in the form of Annex 2 of Schedule 22 (<i>Change Control Procedure</i>);
“Change Control Procedure”	means the procedure for changing this Contract set out in Schedule 22 (<i>Change Control Procedure</i>);
“Change in Law”	means any change in Law which impacts on the performance of the Services which comes into force after the Effective Date;
“Change Request”	means a written request for a Contract Change substantially in the form of Annex 1 of Schedule 22 (<i>Change Control Procedure</i>);
“Charges”	means the charges for the provision of the Services set out in or otherwise calculated in accordance with Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>), including any Milestone Payment or Service Charge;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Child” or “Children”	means person(s) who is under the age of 18;
“Class 1 Transaction”	has the meaning set out in the listing rules issued by the UK Listing Authority;
“Class One Key”	means keys that can be magnetic or electronic their purpose is to form a secure perimeter;
“Class Two Key”	means keys that can be electronic or magnetic they are used in locations where a lower level of security and control is required.;
“Class Three Key”	means keys that are for internal doors;
“Closed Visit”	means a visit which takes place behind glass, with no possibility of physical contact between the Detainee and visitor(s);
“CNI”	means Critical National Infrastructure;
“Commercially Sensitive Information”	<p>means the information listed in Schedule 9 (<i>Commercially Sensitive Information</i>) comprising the information of a commercially sensitive nature relating to –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the pricing of the Services;(b) details of the Supplier’s IPRs; and(c) the Supplier’s business and investment plans; <p>which the Supplier has indicated to the Authority that, if disclosed by the Authority, would cause the Supplier significant commercial disadvantage or material financial loss;</p>
“Compact”	means an agreement between the Detainee and the Supplier;
“Comparable Supply”	means the supply of services to another customer of the Supplier that are the same or similar to any of the Services;
“Compensation for Unacceptable KPI Failure”	has the meaning given in Clause 7.4(a) (<i>Unacceptable KPI Failure</i>);
“Compensation Payment”	has the meaning given in Schedule 16 (<i>Payments on Termination</i>);

“Complaint”

means any expression of dissatisfaction about the Services provided or about the professional conduct of the Authority or Supplier Staff;

“Condition Precedent”

has the meaning given in Clause 4.2 (*Condition Precedent*);

“Confidential Information”

means:

- (a) Information, including all Personal Data, which (however it is conveyed) is provided by the Disclosing Party pursuant to or in anticipation of this Contract that relates to:
 - (i) the Disclosing Party Group; or
 - (ii) the operations, business, affairs, developments, intellectual property rights, trade secrets, know-how and/or personnel of the Disclosing Party Group;
 - (b) other Information provided by the Disclosing Party pursuant to or in anticipation of this Contract that is clearly designated as being confidential or equivalent or that ought reasonably to be considered to be confidential (whether or not it is so marked) which comes (or has come) to the Recipient’s attention or into the Recipient’s possession in connection with this Contract;
 - (c) discussions, negotiations, and correspondence between the Disclosing Party or any of its directors, officers, employees, consultants or professional advisers and the Recipient or any of its directors, officers, employees, consultants and professional advisers in connection with this Contract and all matters arising therefrom; and
 - (d) Information derived from any of the above,
- but not including any Information which:
- (i) was in the possession of the Recipient without obligation of confidentiality prior to its disclosure by the Disclosing Party;
 - (ii) the Recipient obtained on a non-confidential basis from a third party who is not, to the Recipient’s knowledge or belief, bound by a confidentiality agreement with the Disclosing Party or otherwise

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

prohibited from disclosing the information to the Recipient;

(iii) was already generally available and in the public domain at the time of disclosure otherwise than by a breach of this Contract or breach of a duty of confidentiality;

(iv) was independently developed without access to the Confidential Information; or

(v) relates to the Supplier's:

1. performance under this Contract; or
2. failure to pay any Sub-contractor as required pursuant to Clause 15.15(a) (*Supply Chain Protection*);

“Conflict of Interest”

means a conflict between the financial or personal duties of the Supplier or the Supplier Personnel and the duties owed to the Authority under the Contract, in the reasonable opinion of the Authority;

“Contingency Plans”

means the plans which set out the procedures to be followed both in the event of an Incident occurring at the IRC which will, or is likely to, have a material effect on the safety and security of the IRC as a whole and the procedures to be taken in the event of any incidents actually occurring at the IRC; in accordance with Schedule 2 (*Services Description*), section 13 (Contingency Planning Arrangements);

“Contract Amendment Report”

the contract amendment report to be provided by the Supplier to the Authority pursuant to Schedule 19 (*Financial Reports and Audit Rights*) Paragraph 1 of Part B;

“Contract Change”

means any change to this Contract other than an Operational Change;

“Contract Inception Report”

means the initial Financial Model in a form agreed by the Supplier and the Authority in writing on or before the Effective Date;

“Contracts Finder”

means the online government portal which allows suppliers to search for information about contracts as prescribed by Part 4 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015.

“Contract Year”

means:

- (a) a period of 12 months commencing on the Effective Date; or
- (b) thereafter a period of 12 months commencing on each anniversary of the Effective Date;

provided that the final Contract Year shall end on the expiry or termination of the Term;

“Control”

means the possession by person, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the other person (whether through the ownership of voting shares, by contract or otherwise) and **“Controls”** and **“Controlled”** shall be interpreted accordingly;

“Controller”

has the meaning given in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;

“Control & Restraint”

means Control & Restraint training approved by HMPPS;

“C&R”

means control and restraint;

“Corporate Change Event”

means:

- (a) any change of Control of the Supplier or a Parent Undertaking of the Supplier;
- (b) any change of Control of any member of the Supplier Group which, in the reasonable opinion of the Authority, could have a material adverse effect on the Services;
- (c) any change to the business of the Supplier or any member of the Supplier Group which, in the reasonable opinion of the Authority, could have a material adverse effect on the Services;
- (d) a Class 1 Transaction taking place in relation to the shares of the Supplier or any Parent Undertaking of the Supplier whose shares are listed on the main market of the London Stock Exchange plc;
- (e) an event that could reasonably be regarded as being equivalent to a Class 1 Transaction taking place in respect of the Supplier or any Parent Undertaking of the Supplier;
- (f) payment of dividends by the Supplier or the ultimate Parent Undertaking of the Supplier

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

Group exceeding 25% of the Net Asset Value of the Supplier or the ultimate Parent Undertaking of the Supplier Group respectively in any 12 month period;

- (g) an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding up of any member of the Supplier Group;
- (h) any member of the Supplier Group stopping payment of its debts generally or becoming unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123(1) of the Insolvency Act 1986 or any member of the Supplier Group ceasing to carry on all or substantially all its business, or any compromise, composition, arrangement or agreement being made with creditors of any member of the Supplier Group;
- (i) the appointment of a receiver, administrative receiver or administrator in respect of or over all or a material part of the undertaking or assets of any member of the Supplier Group; and/or
- (j) any process or events with an effect analogous to those in paragraphs (e) to (g) inclusive above occurring to a member of the Supplier Group in a jurisdiction outside England and Wales;

“Corporate Change Event Grace Period”

means a grace period agreed to by the Relevant Authority for providing CRP Information and/or updates to Service Continuity Plan after a Corporate Change Event;

“Corporate Resolvability Assessment (Structural Review)”

means part of the CRP Information relating to the Supplier Group to be provided by the Supplier in accordance with Paragraphs 11 and Annex 2: Corporate Resolvability Assessment (Structural Review) of Schedule 26 (Service Continuity Plan And Corporate Resolution Planning);

“Costs”

has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*);

“CPP Milestone”

means a contract performance point as set out in the Implementation Plan, being the Milestone at which the Supplier has demonstrated that the Supplier Solution or relevant Service is working satisfactorily in its operating environment in

	accordance with Schedule 14 (<i>Testing Procedures</i>);
“Critical National Infrastructure”	means those critical elements of UK national infrastructure (namely assets, facilities, systems, networks or processes and the essential workers that operate and facilitate them), the loss or compromise of which could result in: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) major detrimental impact on the availability, integrity or delivery of essential services – including those services whose integrity, if compromised, could result in significant loss of life or casualties – taking into account significant economic or social impacts; and/or(b) significant impact on national security, national defence, or the functioning of the UK;
“Critical Performance Failure”	means the Supplier accruing Service Credits or Compensation for Unacceptable KPI Failure which meet or exceed the Service Credit Cap;
“Critical Service Contract”	means the overall status of this Contract as determined by the Authority and specified in paragraph 11.1 of Part 2 to Schedule 26 (<i>Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning</i>);
“Crown Body”	means the government of the United Kingdom (including the Northern Ireland Assembly and Executive Committee, the Scottish Government and the National Assembly for Wales), including government ministers and government departments and particular bodies, persons, commissions or agencies from time to time carrying out functions on its behalf;
“Crown Copyright”	has the meaning given in the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988;
“CRP Information”	the Corporate Resolution Planning Information, together, the: (a) Exposure Information (Contracts List); (b) Corporate Resolvability Assessment (Structural Review); and (c) Financial Information and Commentary;
“CRTPA”	the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999;

“Daily Report”	means a written or electronic record of the number of available Detainee Place(s) and of all Detainees accommodated at the IRC in the previous twenty-four (24) hour period to be completed by the Supplier in a form approved by the Monitor or electronically using the bed space management system provided by the Authority;
“Daily Statistical Review”	means a list of pre-defined detention statistics required by the Authority from the Supplier on a daily basis;
“Data Loss Event”	means any event that results, or may result, in unauthorised access to Personal Data held by the Supplier under this Contract, and/or actual or potential loss and/or destruction of Personal Data in breach of this Contract, including any Personal Data Breach;
“Data Protection Impact Assessment”	means an assessment by the Controller of the impact of the envisaged processing on the protection of Personal Data;
“Data Protection Legislation”	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the UK GDPR;(b) the DPA 2018 to the extent that it relates to processing of personal data and privacy; and(c) all applicable Law about the processing of personal data and privacy; and;(d) (to the extent that it applies) the EU GDPR;
“Data Subject”	has the meaning given in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
“Data Subject Access Request”	means a request made by, or on behalf of, a Data Subject in accordance with rights granted pursuant to the Data Protection Legislation to access their Personal Data;
“Day”	means any twenty-four (24) hour period, beginning at midnight;
“Day State”	means the period from when a Detainee is unlocked either from their room or within their residential area

until the time in which they are locked either in their room or within their residential area;

“Deductions”

means all Service Credits, Compensation for Unacceptable KPI Failure, Delay Payments or any other deduction which is paid or payable to the Authority under this Contract;

“Default”

means any breach of the obligations of the relevant Party (including abandonment of this Contract in breach of its terms, repudiatory breach or breach of a fundamental term) or any other default, act, omission, negligence or statement:

- (a) in the case of the Authority, of its employees, servants, agents; or
- (b) in the case of the Supplier, of its Sub-contractors or any Supplier Personnel,

in connection with or in relation to the subject-matter of this Contract and in respect of which such Party is liable to the other;

“Defect”

means:

- (a) any error, damage or defect in the manufacturing of a Deliverable; or
- (b) any error or failure of code within the Software which causes a Deliverable to malfunction or to produce unintelligible or incorrect results; or
- (c) any failure of any Deliverable to provide the performance, features and functionality specified in the Authority Requirements or the Documentation (including any adverse effect on response times) regardless of whether or not it prevents the relevant Deliverable from meeting its associated Test Success Criteria; or
- (d) any failure of any Deliverable to operate in conjunction with or interface with any other Deliverable in order to provide the performance, features and functionality specified in the Authority Requirements or the Documentation (including any adverse effect on response times) regardless of whether or not it prevents the relevant Deliverable from meeting its associated Test Success Criteria;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Delay”	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) a delay in the Achievement of a Milestone by its Milestone Date; or(b) a delay in the design, development, testing or implementation of a Deliverable by the relevant date set out in the Implementation Plan;
“Delay Deduction Period”	means the period of 100 days commencing on the relevant Milestone Date;
“Delay Payments”	means the amounts payable by the Supplier to the Authority in respect of a Delay in Achieving a Key Milestone as specified in Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>);
“Deliverable”	means an item or feature delivered or to be delivered by the Supplier at or before a Milestone Date or at any other stage during the performance of this Contract;
“Dependent Parent Undertaking”	means any Parent Undertaking which provides any of its Subsidiary Undertakings and/or Associates, whether directly or indirectly, with any financial, trading, managerial or other assistance of whatever nature, without which the Supplier would be unable to continue the day to day conduct and operation of its business in the same manner as carried on at the time of entering into this Contract , including for the avoidance of doubt the provision of the Services in accordance with the terms of this Contract;
“DEPMU”	means Detainee Escorting and Population Management Unit. Home Office Immigration Enforcement unit responsible for the management and movement of the Detainee population;
“Deputy Monitor”	means the Crown servant, employee or servants or employees appointed by the Authority as a deputy contract monitor
“Designated Languages”	means those languages as directed by the Authority which are used to ensure that any communication between a Detainee and the Supplier’s Staff is conducted in a relevant language;
“Detailed Implementation Plan”	means the plan developed and revised from time to time in accordance with Paragraphs 3 and 4 of Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);

“Detainee”	means a person detained under the Immigration Act 1971 as provided for in Section 147 of the 1999 Act and assigned by the Authority to a Detainee Place in the Immigration Removal Centre;
“Detainee Allowance”	means payment of an allowance of [REDACTED] to every Detainee, payable in full twenty-four (24) hours after their arrival at the IRC and following the first week, an equivalent daily amount thereafter;
“Detainee Custody Officer (DCO)”	means a person in respect of whom a certificate is in force certifying that they have been approved by the Authority for the purpose of performing Escort Functions or both Escort Functions and Custodial Functions in relation to Detainees and that they are accordingly authorised to perform them;
“Detainee Custody Manager (DCM)”	means a person in respect of whom a certificate is in force certifying that they have been approved by the Authority for the purpose of performing Escort Functions or both Escort Functions and Custodial Functions in relation to Detainees and that they are accordingly authorised to perform them, who is also responsible for first level management of areas of the operation and Detainee Custody Officers (DCOs) who are operating within the centre;
“Detainee of Interest”	means someone who is undergoing enhanced monitoring as they are known, or believed to be, a risk to the security of the Centre.
“Detainee Management System (DMS)”	means the IT system used by the Supplier’s that contains information held on Detainees whilst held in the IRC;
“Detainee Occupancy”	means the total number of Detainees occupying the available Detainee Place(s) in any twenty-four (24) period as measured from 00.01 hours to midnight, adjusted in order to get a figure for the Performance Month;
“Detainee of Interest”	means someone who is undergoing enhanced monitoring as they are known, or believed to be, a risk to the security of the Centre.
“Detainee Paid Activity”	means the opportunity for Detainees to participate voluntarily in paid activity;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Detainee Place”	means a unit of accommodation for occupation by a single Detainee in a Removal Unit;
“Detainee Records”	means the personal records of each Detainee, prepared and maintained by the Supplier in accordance with: (a) the Detention Centre Rules 2001 (SI 2001/238); (b) the Detention Service Operating Standards Manual; and (c) Detention Service Orders;
“Detainee Temporary Confinement Unit”	means the area used to hold a Detainee requiring temporary confinement as defined in DC Rule 42;
“Detainee Transferable Document”	means the single continuous record of information about a Detainee;
“Detention Centre Operating Standards”	means a set of operating standards used to improve performance and compliance across the IRC estate;
“Detention Centre (or DC) Rules”	means such Detention Centre rules as shall be made from time to time pursuant to Section 153 of the 1999 Act for the regulation and management of IRC;
“Detention Order (Form IS91)”	means the notice of authority that allows for the Detainee to be detained under Immigration Act powers and should accompany every Detainee that arrives at the IRC. The Supplier must not accept Detainees without the correct documentation;
“Detention Services Order (DSO)”	means instruction setting out requirements for detention and escorting;
“Discharge”	means the process of leaving the IRC, whether for the purpose of Removal from the UK, transfer to another place of Detention or Release from Detention;
“Disclosure and Barring Service Checks (DBS)”	means checks made against criminal records and a barred list carried out by the Disclosure and Barring Service;
“Disclosing Party”	has the meaning given in Clause 19.1 (<i>Confidentiality</i>);

“Disclosing Party Group”

means:

- (a) where the Disclosing Party is the Supplier, the Supplier and any Affiliates of the Supplier; and
- (b) where the Disclosing Party is the Authority, the Authority and any Central Government Body with which the Authority or the Supplier interacts in connection with this Contract;

“Dispute”

means any dispute, difference or question of interpretation arising out of or in connection with this Contract, including any dispute, difference or question of interpretation relating to the Services, failure to agree in accordance with the Change Control Procedure or any matter where this Contract directs the Parties to resolve an issue by reference to the Dispute Resolution Procedure;

“Dispute Notice”

means a written notice served by one Party on the other stating that the Party serving the notice believes that there is a Dispute;

“Dispute Resolution Procedure”

means the dispute resolution procedure set out in Schedule 23 (*Dispute Resolution Procedure*);

“Documentation”

means descriptions of the Services and Performance Indicators, details of the Supplier System (including (i) vendors and versions for off-the-shelf components and (ii) source code and build information for proprietary components), relevant design and development information, technical specifications of all functionality including those not included in standard manuals (such as those that modify system performance and access levels), configuration details, test scripts, user manuals, operating manuals, process definitions and procedures, and all such other documentation as:

- (a) is required to be supplied by the Supplier to the Authority under this Contract;
- (b) would reasonably be required by a competent third party capable of Good Industry Practice contracted by the Authority to develop, configure, build, deploy, run, maintain, upgrade and test the individual systems that provide Services;

	(c) is required by the Supplier in order to provide the Services; and/or
	(d) has been or shall be generated for the purpose of providing the Services;
“Dog Handler”	means a DCO or DCM responsible for Search Dogs;
“DOTAS”	means the Disclosure of Tax Avoidance Schemes rules which require a promoter of tax schemes to tell HMRC of any specified notifiable arrangements or proposals and to provide prescribed information on those arrangements or proposals within set time limits as contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and in secondary legislation made under vires contained in Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004 and as extended to national insurance contributions by the National Insurance Contributions (Application of Part 7 of the Finance Act 2004) Regulations 2012, SI 2012/1868) made under section 132A of the Social Security Administration Act 1992;
“DPA 2018”	means the Data Protection Act 2018;
“Due Diligence Information”	means any information supplied to the Supplier by or on behalf of the Authority prior to the Effective Date;
“Duty Manager/ Director”	means the senior member of Staff who is for the time being in overall charge of the IRC;
“EEA”	means European Economic Area;
“Effective Date”	means the later of: (a) the date on which this Contract is signed by both Parties; and (b) the date on which the Condition Precedent has been satisfied or waived in accordance with Clause 4.2 (<i>Condition Precedent</i>);
“EIRs”	means the Environmental Information Regulations 2004, together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or any Central Government Body in relation to such Regulations;
Electronic Monitoring Service	means the services provided by a separately appointed supplier for the delivery of services to track

Foreign National Offenders by means of a satellite tracking device;

“Emergency Maintenance”

means ad hoc and unplanned maintenance provided by the Supplier where:

- (a) the Authority reasonably suspects that the IT Environment or the Services, or any part of the IT Environment or the Services, has or may have developed a fault, and notifies the Supplier of the same; or
- (b) the Supplier reasonably suspects that the IT Environment or the Services, or any part the IT Environment or the Services, has or may have developed a fault;

“Employee Liabilities”

means all claims, actions, proceedings, orders, demands, complaints, investigations (save for any claims for personal injury which are covered by insurance) and any award, compensation, damages, tribunal awards, fine, loss, order, penalty, disbursement, payment made by way of settlement and costs, expenses and legal costs reasonably incurred in connection with a claim or investigation related to employment including in relation to the following:

- (a) redundancy payments including contractual or enhanced redundancy costs, termination costs and notice payments;
- (b) unfair, wrongful or constructive dismissal compensation;
- (c) compensation for discrimination on grounds of sex, race, disability, age, religion or belief, gender reassignment, marriage or civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity or sexual orientation or claims for equal pay;
- (d) compensation for less favourable treatment of part-time workers or fixed term employees;
- (e) outstanding employment debts and unlawful deduction of wages including any PAYE and national insurance contributions;
- (f) employment claims whether in tort, contract or statute or otherwise;
- (g) any investigation relating to employment matters by the Equality and Human Rights Commission or other enforcement, regulatory or supervisory

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

body and of implementing any requirements which may arise from such investigation;

“Employment Regulations”

means the Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006/246) as amended or replaced;

“Equalities Assessment”

means the assessment of the needs that different Detainees have and measures to make sure that these needs can be met;

“Escort(ing)”

means the activity of transporting a Detainee or group of Detainees from the point of their collection to the point of their delivery at the destination;

“Escort Abscond”

means any incident of a Detainee absconding from lawful custody whilst being escorted outside the IRC by the Supplier such that the Detainee is no longer within the custody of the Supplier;

“Escorting Provider”

means the service provider providing services to the Authority including, but not limited to transport and escorting services for Detainees who

(a) are required to be removed from the UK under escort (including escort to gate at a UK Port);

(b) require escorting within the UK, including, but not limited to those in detention required to appear at embassy, appeal and/or bail hearings, and those being brought/transferred to/from the IRC,;

The Escorting Provider is an agent of the Authority;

“Escorting Provider Staff”

means the service provider staff involved in carrying out Escorts;

“Escorting Provider Vehicle Base”

situated at the Campsfield IRC provides a base for the Escorting Provider Staff and Vehicles;

“Escorting Service Provider Hub (ESP)”

located at Campsfield IRC and is the Escorting Services Provider main Administration office providing accommodation for their administration staff and Senior Management Team;

“Escorting Supplier Staff”

means any staff involved in carrying out Escorts;

“Escorting Supplier”

means the service provider currently providing transport and escorting services for those Detainees who are required to be removed from the UK under

escort and/or for Detainees in detention who are required to appear at appeal and/or bail hearings or who are being removed from the United Kingdom or being brought/transferred to the IRC; The Escorting Supplier is an agent of the Authority;

“Escorting Vehicle”

means any vehicle used by the Escorting Supplier to carry out their Escort function;

“Estimated Year 1 Charges”

means the estimated Charges payable by the Authority during the first Contract Year, as set out in the Financial Pricing Model;

“Estimated Initial Service Charges”

means the estimated Service Charges payable by the Authority during the period of 12 months from the first Operational Service Commencement Date, as set out in the Financial Pricing Model;

“EU”

means European Union;

“EU GDPR”

means Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) as it has effect in EU law;

“Euro Compliant”

means that: (i) the introduction of the euro within any part(s) of the UK shall not affect the performance or functionality of any relevant items nor cause such items to malfunction, end abruptly, provide invalid results or adversely affect the Authority’s business; (ii) all currency-reliant and currency-related functions (including all calculations concerning financial data) of any relevant items enable the introduction and operation of the euro; and (iii) in particular each and every relevant item shall, to the extent it performs or relies upon currency-related functions (including all calculations concerning financial data):

- (a) be able to perform all such functions in any number of currencies and/or in euros;
- (b) during any transition phase applicable to the relevant part(s) of the UK, be able to deal with multiple currencies and, in relation to the euro and the national currency of the relevant part(s) of the UK, dual denominations;

- (c) recognise accept, display and print all the euro currency symbols and alphanumeric codes which may be adopted by any government and other European Union body in relation to the euro;
- (d) incorporate protocols for dealing with rounding and currency conversion;
- (e) recognise data irrespective of the currency in which it is expressed (which includes the euro) and express any output data in the national currency of the relevant part(s) of the UK and/or the euro; and
- (f) permit the input of data in euro and display an outcome in euro where such data, supporting the Authority's normal business practices, operates in euro and/or the national currency of the relevant part(s) of the UK;

“Exclusive Assets”

means those Assets used by the Supplier or a Key Sub-contractor which are used exclusively in the provision of the Services;

“Exit Management”

means services, activities, processes and procedures to ensure a smooth and orderly transition of all or part of the Services from the Supplier to the Authority and/or a Replacement Supplier, as set out or referred to in Schedule 25 (*Exit Management*);

“Exit Plan”

means the plan produced and updated by the Supplier during the Term in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Schedule 25 (*Exit Management*);

“Expedited Dispute Timetable”

means the reduced timetable for the resolution of Disputes set out in Paragraph 3 of Schedule 23 (*Dispute Resolution Procedure*);

“Expert”

has the meaning given in Schedule 23 (*Dispute Resolution Procedure*);

“Exposure Information (Contracts List)”

means part of the CRP Information relating to the Supplier Group to be provided by the Supplier in accordance with Paragraphs 11 and Annex 1 of Part B of Schedule 26 (Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning);

“Expert Determination”

means the process described in Paragraph 6 of Schedule 23 (*Dispute Resolution Procedure*);

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Extension Period”	means a period of up to 2 years from the end of the Initial Term; such period may be enacted in one or more extensions so long as the total duration of the Extension Period does not exceed 2 years;
“Financial Distress Event”	means the occurrence of one or more of the events listed in Paragraph 3.1 of Schedule 18 (<i>Financial Distress</i>);
“Financial Distress Remediation Plan”	means a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure the continued performance and delivery of the Services in accordance with this Contract in the event that a Financial Distress Event occurs. This plan should include what the Authority would need to put in place to ensure performance and delivery of the Services in accordance with this Contract up to and including any Insolvency Event in respect of the relevant FDE Group entity and may refer to the Insolvency Continuity Plan in this regard;
“Financial Distress Service Continuity Plan”	means a plan setting out how the Supplier will ensure the continued performance and delivery of the Services in accordance with this Contract in the event that a Financial Distress Event occurs;
“Financial Information and Commentary”	means part of the CRP Information requirements set out in accordance with Paragraphs 11 and Annex 3 of Part B of Schedule 26 (<i>Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning</i>);
“Financial Model”	has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (<i>Financial Reports and Audit Rights</i>);
“Financial Pricing Model”	has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (<i>Financial Reports and Audit Rights</i>);
“Financial Reports”	has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (<i>Financial Reports and Audit Rights</i>);
“Financial Transparency Objectives”	has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (<i>Financial Reports and Audit Rights</i>);
“First Night”	means a Detainee experiencing their first night in detention and the name of procedures that relate to the management of Detainees in an IRC for the first night;

“FOIA”	means the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and any subordinate legislation made under that Act from time to time, together with any guidance and/or codes of practice issued by the Information Commissioner or any relevant Central Government Body in relation to such Act;
“Force Majeure Event”	means any event outside the reasonable control of either Party affecting its performance of its obligations under this Contract arising from acts, events, omissions, happenings or non-happenings beyond its reasonable control and which are not attributable to any wilful act, neglect or failure to take reasonable preventative action by that Party, including riots, war or armed conflict, acts of terrorism, acts of government, local government or regulatory bodies, fire, flood, storm or earthquake, or other natural disaster but excluding any industrial dispute relating to the Supplier or the Supplier Personnel or any other failure in the Supplier’s or a Sub-contractor’s supply chain;
“Force Majeure Notice”	means a written notice served by the Affected Party on the other Party stating that the Affected Party believes that there is a Force Majeure Event;
“Foreign National Offender”	means a person who is not a national of the United Kingdom who has been convicted of a criminal offence;
“Former Supplier”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);
“Full Service”	means the period following receipt of the Authority to Proceed (Full Service) when the Supplier shall provide Operational Services for 400 Available Detainee Places in accordance with Annex B – Operational Staffing Model Staffing Table 2;
“General Anti-Abuse Rule”	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the legislation in Part 5 of the Finance Act 2013; and(b) any future legislation introduced into parliament to counteract tax advantages arising from abusive arrangements to avoid national insurance contributions;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“General Change in Law”	means a Change in Law where the change is of a general legislative nature (including taxation or duties of any sort affecting the Supplier) or which affects or relates to a Comparable Supply;
“Gold Commander”	means a suitably qualified and experienced Senior Manager who has overall responsibility for the management and resolution of the incident;
“Good Industry Practice”	means at any time the exercise of that degree of care, skill, diligence, prudence, efficiency, foresight and timeliness which would be reasonably expected at such time from a leading and expert supplier of services similar to the Services to a customer like the Authority, such supplier seeking to comply with its contractual obligations in full and complying with applicable Laws;
“Guarantee”	means the deed of guarantee in favour of the Authority entered into by the Guarantor on or about the date of this Contract (which is in the form set out in Schedule 30 (<i>Deed of Guarantee</i>)), or any guarantee acceptable to the Authority that replaces it from time to time;
“Guarantor”	[<i>insert name</i>], a company registered in [<i>insert country</i>] with company number [<i>insert company number</i>] and whose registered office is at [<i>insert registered address</i>];
“HACCP System”	means Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point System;
“Halifax Abuse Principle”	means the principle explained in the CJEU Case C-255/02 Halifax and others;
“Hard Facilities Management” or “Hard FM”	means facilities management activities required to deliver the Services, that support the physical structures within the IRC Premises to ensure the health, safety and welfare of employees and Detainees are adhered to and which ensures statutory compliance including (but not limited to) CCTV systems, access systems, air conditioning, fire safety, structural maintenance, heating & ventilation systems and mechanical & electrical services etc;
“Health and Safety Policy”	means the health and safety policy of the Authority and/or other relevant Central Government Body as

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

	provided to the Supplier on or before the Effective Date and as subsequently provided to the Supplier from time to time except any provision of any such subsequently provided policy that cannot be reasonably reconciled to ensuring compliance with applicable Law regarding health and safety;
“Healthcare Provider”	means the organisation or body who provide Healthcare Services to Detainees;
“Healthcare Services”	means the same range and quality of health services as the general public receives from the National Health Service;
“Healthcare Staff”	means clinical and administrative staff employed by the Healthcare Provider;
“Healthcare Team”	means anyone engaged by the Healthcare Authority or the Healthcare Provider to deliver Healthcare Services or any part thereof;
“HMPPS”	means Her Majesty’s Prison and Probation Service;
“HMRC”	means HM Revenue & Customs;
“HOMES”	means the Home Office Manual for Escorting Safely;
“Home Office Case-working Teams”	means Home Office teams who consider and decide upon the immigration cases and applications, typically to remain in the UK, of Detainees;
“House Rules”	means a document written by the Supplier which provides information to a Detainee about rights and responsibilities of Detainees whilst at any part of the IRC, and which has been approved by the Authority;
“IMB (Independent Monitoring Board)”	means the committee appointed by the Authority in accordance with Section 152 of the 1999 Act;
“Immigration and Asylum Biometric System (IABS) Programme”	means a Home Office system that provides a database of finger prints and facial images;
“Immigration Removal Centre or IRC”	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 147 of the 1999 Act as amended by Section 66(2)(b) of the 2002 Act. For the avoidance of doubt, in this Contract, references to the “Removal Centre” shall generally be construed as references to Campsfield Immigration Removal Centre incorporating all the buildings and structures and land on the Site(s) and any of the

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

component parts), together with any extensions and alterations thereto existing from time to time in accordance with the Contract;

“Implementation Milestone”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“Impact Assessment”	has the meaning given in Schedule 22 (<i>Change Control Procedure</i>);
“Implementation Outstanding List”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“Implementation Period”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“Implementation Plan”	means the Outline Implementation Plan or (if and when approved by the Authority pursuant to Paragraph 3 of Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>)) the Detailed Implementation Plan as updated in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>) from time to time;
“Implementation Services”	means the implementation services described as such in the Services Description and within Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“Implementation Services Commencement Date”	means the date on which the Supplier is to commence provision of the first of the Services, being 14 th August 2023;
“Incident”	means an occurrence which disturbs the normal operation of any part of the IRC;
“Incident Command”	means the process of co-ordinating an operational response to an Incident;
“Incident Report”	means the document provided by the Supplier to inform the Authority of an Incident;
“Indemnified Person”	means the Authority and each and every person to whom the Authority (or any direct or indirect sub-licensee of the Authority) sub-licenses, assigns or novates any Relevant IPRs or rights in Relevant IPRs in accordance with this Contract;
“Independent Controller”	means a party which is Controller of the same Personal Data as the other Party and there is no

	element of joint control with regards to that Personal Data;
“Individual Learning Plan (ILP)”	means a plan that enables Detainees to set personal targets and record achievements;
“Induction”	means the process of providing Staff or Detainees with the comprehensive information necessary for their safe employment or detention in the IRC;
“Informal Complaints”	means is a fully voluntary structured interaction between Detainee(s) and Supplier staff that is designed to help them address and resolve an issue at the earliest stage possible without submitting a formal complaint on a DC9 form.
“Information”	means all information of whatever nature, however conveyed and in whatever form, including in writing, orally, by demonstration, electronically and in a tangible, visual or machine-readable medium (including CD-ROM, magnetic and digital form);
“Initial Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment” or “Initial FF&E”	means the items as detailed in Annex E of Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan) to be provided by the Supplier during the Implementation, Post Implementation and Transition Periods;
“Initial Training Course (ITC)”	means an initial course, provided by the Supplier, during which newly appointed staff who are Detainee Custody Officer(s) are trained, so that they have the skills and knowledge to carry out their duties in the Centre effectively;
“Initial Term”	means the period of 6 years from and including the Effective Date;
“Initial Upload Date”	means the occurrence of an event detailed in Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>) Annex 4 (Virtual Library) which requires the Supplier to provide its initial upload of the relevant information to the Virtual Library;
“Insolvency Event”	with respect to any person, means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) that person suspends, or threatens to suspend, payment of its debts, or is unable to pay its debts as they fall due or admits inability to pay its debts, or:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) (being a company or a LLP) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 123 of the Insolvency

Act 1986, or

- (ii) (being a partnership) is deemed unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 222 of the Insolvency Act 1986;
- (b) that person commences negotiations with one or more of its creditors (using a voluntary arrangement, scheme of arrangement or otherwise) with a view to rescheduling any of its debts, or makes a proposal for or enters into any compromise or arrangement with one or more of its creditors or takes any step to obtain a moratorium pursuant to Section 1A and Schedule A1 of the Insolvency Act 1986 other than (in the case of a company, a LLP or a partnership) for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;
- (c) another person becomes entitled to appoint a receiver over the assets of that person or a receiver is appointed over the assets of that person;
- (d) a creditor or encumbrancer of that person the other Party attaches or takes possession of, or a distress, execution or other such process is levied or enforced on or sued against, the whole or any part of that person's assets and such attachment or process is not discharged within 14 days;
- (e) that person suspends or ceases, or threatens to suspend or cease, carrying on all or a substantial part of its business;
- (f) where that person is a company, a LLP or a partnership:
 - (i) a petition is presented (which is not dismissed within 14 days of its service), a notice is given, a resolution is passed, or an order is made, for or in connection with the winding up of that person other than for the sole purpose of a scheme for a solvent amalgamation of that person with one or more other companies or the solvent reconstruction of that person;
 - (ii) an application is made to court, or an order is made, for the appointment of an administrator, or if a notice of intention to appoint an administrator is filed at Court or given or if an administrator is

appointed, over that person;

- (iii) (being a company or a LLP) the holder of a qualifying floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an administrative receiver; or
- (iv) (being a partnership) the holder of an agricultural floating charge over the assets of that person has become entitled to appoint or has appointed an agricultural receiver; or

- (g) any event occurs, or proceeding is taken, with respect to that person in any jurisdiction to which it is subject that has an effect equivalent or similar to any of the events mentioned above;

“Intellectual Property Rights” or “IPRs”

means:

- (a) copyright, rights related to or affording protection similar to copyright, rights in databases, patents and rights in inventions, semi-conductor topography rights, trade marks, rights in Internet domain names and website addresses and other rights in trade names, designs, Know-How, trade secrets and other rights in Confidential Information;
- (b) applications for registration, and the right to apply for registration, for any of the rights listed at (a) that are capable of being registered in any country or jurisdiction; and
- (c) all other rights having equivalent or similar effect in any country or jurisdiction;

“Intervention Cause”

has the meaning given in Clause 27.1 (Remedial Adviser);

“Intervention Notice”

has the meaning given in Clause 27.1 (*Remedial Adviser*);

“Intervention Period”

has the meaning given in Clause 27.2(c) (*Remedial Adviser*);

“Intervention Trigger Event”

means:

- (a) any event falling within limb (a), (b), (c), (e), (f) or (g) of the definition of a Supplier Termination Event;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

(b) a Default by the Supplier that is materially preventing or materially delaying the performance of the Services or any material part of the Services; and/or

(c) the Supplier not Achieving a Key Milestone within 75 days of its relevant Milestone Date;

“IP Completion Day”

has the meaning given to it in the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020;

“IPRs Claim”

means any claim against any Indemnified Person of infringement or alleged infringement (including the defence of such infringement or alleged infringement) of any Relevant IPRs save for any such claim to the extent that it is caused by any use by or on behalf of that Indemnified Person of any Relevant IPRs, or the use of the Authority Software by or on behalf of the Supplier, in either case in combination with any item not supplied or recommended by the Supplier pursuant to this Contract or for a purpose not reasonably to be inferred from the Services Description or the provisions of this Contract ;

“IS 91”

see Detention Order (Form IS91);

“IT”

means information and communications technology;

“IT Environment”

means the Authority System and the Supplier System;

“Key Tracker System”

means the system used to securely manage the allocation of keys and fobs in the IRC;

“Key Milestone”

means the Milestones identified in the Implementation Plan as key milestones and in respect of which Delay Payments may be payable in accordance with Paragraph 1 of Part C of Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*) if the Supplier fails to Achieve the Milestone Date in respect of such Milestone;

“Key Performance Indicator”

means the key performance indicators set out in Table 1 of Part I of Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (*Performance Levels*);

“Key Personnel”

means those persons appointed by the Supplier to fulfil the Key Roles, being the persons listed in Schedule 29 (*Key Personnel*) against each Key Role as at the Effective Date or as amended from

	time to time in accordance with Clauses 14.5 and 14.6 (<i>Key Personnel</i>);
“Key Roles”	means a role described as a Key Role in Schedule 29 (<i>Key Personnel</i>) and any additional roles added from time to time in accordance with Clause 14.4 (<i>Key Personnel</i>);
“Key Sub-contract”	means each Sub-contract with a Key Sub-contractor;
“Key Sub-contractor”	means any Sub-contractor: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) which, in the opinion of the Authority, performs (or would perform if appointed) a critical role in the provision of all or any part of the Services; and/or(b) with a Sub-contract with a contract value which at the time of appointment exceeds (or would exceed if appointed) 10% of the aggregate Charges forecast to be payable under this Contract (as set out in the Financial Pricing Model);
“Know-How”	means all ideas, concepts, schemes, information, knowledge, techniques, methodology, and anything else in the nature of know how relating to the Services but excluding know how already in the other Party’s possession before this Contract;
“KPI Failure”	means a failure to meet the Performance Level in respect of a Key Performance Indicator;
“KPI Service Threshold”	shall be as set out against the relevant Key Performance Indicator in Table 1 of Part I of Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Law”	means any law, statute, subordinate legislation within the meaning of Section 21(1) of the Interpretation Act 1978, bye-law, right within the meaning of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 as amended by the European Union (Withdrawal Agreement) Act 2020, regulation, order, regulatory policy, mandatory guidance or code of practice, judgment of a relevant court of law, or directives or requirements of any regulatory body with which the Supplier is bound to comply;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“LED”	means Law Enforcement Directive (<i>Directive (EU) 2016/680</i>);
“Licensed Software”	means all and any Software licensed by or through the Supplier, its Sub-contractors or any third party to the Authority for the purposes of or pursuant to this Contract, including any Supplier Software, Third Party Software and/or any Specially Written Software;
“Losses”	means losses, liabilities, damages, costs and expenses (including legal fees on a solicitor/client basis) and disbursements and costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgment interest and penalties whether arising in contract, tort (including negligence), breach of statutory duty or otherwise;
“Major Facilities Asset Works”	shall have the meaning set out in Schedule 35 (<i>Maintenance and Cleaning</i>);
“Major Works”	shall have the meaning set out in Schedule 35 (<i>Maintenance and Cleaning</i>);
“Maintained Assets”	shall have the meaning set out in Paragraph 2.2 of Schedule 35 (<i>Maintenance and Cleaning</i>);
“Maintenance Schedule”	shall have the meaning set out in Clause 9.4 (<i>Maintenance</i>);
“Malicious Software”	means any software program or code intended to destroy, interfere with, corrupt, or cause undesired effects on program files, data or other information, executable code or application software macros, whether or not its operation is immediate or delayed, and whether the malicious software is introduced wilfully, negligently or without knowledge of its existence;
“Management Information”	means the management information specified in Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>), Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>); Schedule 21 (<i>Governance</i>); and Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>) to be provided by the Supplier to the Authority;
“Material KPI Failure”	means:

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

- (a) KP9 Serious Failure;
- (b) KP10 Serious Failure;
- (c) KP15 Serious Failure;
- (d) KP23 Serious Failure;
- (e) a Severe KPI Failure;
- (f) KP1 Critical Failure; and/or
- (g) KP2 Critical Failure, and/or
- (h) a failure by the Supplier to meet a KPI Service Threshold;

“Material KPI Persistent Failure”	has the meaning given in Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>) Paragraph 3.3 of Part A;
“Medical Escort”	means a specialist medically trained Escort who supports standard Escorting functions;
“Mercury Intelligence System”	means the intelligence system that is operated by HMPPS for the purpose of managing and sharing intelligence on those held in their establishments;
“Measurement Period”	means in relation to a Key Performance Indicator the period over which the Supplier’s performance is measured (for example, a Service Period if measured monthly or a 12-month period if measured annually);
“Milestone”	means an event or task described in the Implementation Plan which, if applicable, shall be completed by the relevant Milestone Date;
“Milestone Achievement Certificate”	means the certificate to be granted by the Authority when the Supplier has Achieved a Milestone, which shall be in substantially the same form as that set out in Annex C of Schedule 13 (Implementation Plan) or Annex 3 of Schedule 14 (<i>Testing Procedures</i>);
“Milestone Adjustment Payment Amount”	means in respect of each ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone the subject of a Milestone Adjustment Payment Notice, an amount determined in accordance with the formula:

$$A - B$$

where:

- (a) A is an amount equal to the aggregate sum of all Milestone Payments paid to the Supplier in respect of the Milestones (or in the case of Partial Termination, the Milestones for the parts of the Services terminated) relating to that ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone; and
- (b) B is an amount equal to the aggregate Allowable Price for the Retained Deliverables relating to that ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone or, if there are no such Retained Deliverables, zero;

“Milestone Adjustment Payment Notice”

has the meaning given in Clause 32.7 (*Payments by the Supplier*);

“Milestone Date”

means the target date set out against the relevant Milestone in the Implementation Plan by which the Milestone must be Achieved;

“Milestone Payment”

means a payment identified in Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*) to be made following the issue of a Milestone Achievement Certificate;

“Milestone Retention”

has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*);

“Minor KPI Failure”

shall be as set out against the relevant Key Performance Indicator in Table 1 of Part I of Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (*Performance Levels*);

“Minor Works”

shall have the meaning set out in Schedule 35 (*Maintenance and Cleaning*);

“MMPR”

means Minimising and Managing Physical Restraint;

“Modern Slavery Assessment Tool”

means the modern slavery risk identification and management tool which can be found online at: <https://supplierregistration.cabinetoffice.gov.uk/ms> at

“Monitor”

means the Crown servant or employee or servant or servants appointed by the Authority as a contract monitor in accordance with Section 149(4) of the 1999 Act;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Month”	means a calendar month and “monthly” shall be interpreted accordingly;
“Monthly Performance Report”	means the report produced by the Supplier, in the agreed format, to be received no later than 7 calendar days after the relevant Performance Month;
“Multi- Disciplinary Team (MDT)”	means a team of representatives from different organisations;
“Multi-Party Dispute Resolution Procedure”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 9.1 of Schedule 23 (<i>Dispute Resolution Procedure</i>);
“Multi-Party Procedure Initiation Notice”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 9.2 of Schedule 23 (<i>Dispute Resolution Procedure</i>);
“NCSC”	means “the National Cyber Security Centre or any replacement or successor body carrying out the same function”;
“New Build”	means construction of new residential accommodation areas or other buildings;
“New Releases”	means an item produced primarily to extend, alter or improve the Software and/or any Deliverable by providing additional functionality or performance enhancement (whether or not defects in the Software and/or Deliverable are also corrected) while still retaining the original designated purpose of that item;
“Night State”	means the period, when Detainees are limited to their rooms or their residential units during the night, and shall not exceed nine (9) hours;
“Non-Effective Time”	means annual leave, sickness absence and training. For the avoidance of doubt, overtime is not considered as Non-Effective Time;
“Non-Exclusive Assets”	means those Assets (if any) which are used by the Supplier or a Key Sub-contractor in connection with the Services but which are also used by the Supplier or Key Sub-contractor for other purposes of material value;
“Non-trivial Customer Base”	means a significant customer base with respect to the date of first release and the relevant market but

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

	excluding Affiliates and other entities related to the licensor;
“Non-retained Deliverables”	means in relation to a ATP Milestone Payment Notice or CPP Milestone Payment Notice and each ATP Milestone or CPP Milestone the subject of that ATP Milestone Payment Notice or CPP Milestone Payment Notice, Deliverables provided to the Authority which relate to the relevant ATP Milestone(s) or CPP Milestone(s) and which are not Retained Deliverables;
“Notifiable Default”	shall have the meaning given in Clause 25.1 (<i>Rectification Plan Process</i>);
“Object Code”	means software and/or data in machine-readable, compiled object code form;
“Occasion of Tax Non-Compliance”	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 is found on or after 1 April 2013 to be incorrect as a result of:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) a Relevant Tax Authority successfully challenging the Supplier under the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle or under any tax rules or legislation that have an effect equivalent or similar to the General Anti-Abuse Rule or the Halifax Abuse Principle;(ii) the failure of an avoidance scheme which the Supplier was involved in, and which was, or should have been, notified to a Relevant Tax Authority under the DOTAS or any equivalent or similar regime; and/or(b) any tax return of the Supplier submitted to a Relevant Tax Authority on or after 1 October 2012 gives rise on or after 1 April 2013 to a criminal conviction in any jurisdiction for tax related offences which is not spent at the Effective Date or to a civil penalty for fraud or evasion;
“Official, Legal or Case Related Visit/Interview”	means any visit/interview to a Detainee at the IRC by a Detainee’s legal advisor or representative, or a representative of the Authority, or notified as such by the Authority;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Official Visitor”	means any visitor so notified as such by the Authority;
“Onerous Contract”	<p>mean a contract where</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) a contract in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, as defined under International Accounting Standard 37 and(b) the Supplier has provided the Authority with relevant supporting information.
“Open Book Data”	has the meaning given in Schedule 19 (<i>Financial Reports and Audit Rights</i>);
“Open Source”	computer Software that is released on the internet for use by any person, such release usually being made under a recognised open source licence and stating that it is released as open source;
“Operating Environment”	means the Authority System and the Sites;
“Operational Change”	<p>means any change in the Supplier's operational procedures which in all respects, when implemented:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) will not affect the Charges and will not result in any other costs to the Authority;(b) may change the way in which the Services are delivered but will not adversely affect the output of the Services or increase the risks in performing or receiving the Services;(c) will not adversely affect the interfaces or interoperability of the Services with any of the Authority's IT infrastructure; and(d) will not require a change to this Contract;
“Operational Keys”	means all Class One, Two and Three security keys as issued by the Authority;
“Operational Service Commencement Date”	<p>means in relation to an Operational Service, the later of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the date identified in the Operational Services Implementation Plan upon which the Operational Service is to commence; and(b) where the Implementation Plan states that the Supplier must have Achieved the relevant ATP

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

Milestone before it can commence the provision of that Operational Service, the date upon which the Supplier Achieves the relevant ATP Milestone;

“Operational Services”

means the operational services described as such in the Services Description;

“Operational Staffing Model – Table 1”

means

- (a) the Staff as set out in Annex B (Operational Staffing Model – Table 1); and
- (b) shall be provided in the Period of Post Implementation;

“Operational Staffing Model – Table 2”

means

- (a) the Staff as set out in Annex B (Operational Staffing Model – Table 2); and
- (b) shall be provided in the Period of Post Transition;

“Other Supplier”

means any supplier to the Authority (other than the Supplier) which is notified to the Supplier from time to time;

“Outline Implementation Plan”

means the outline plan set out at Annex 1 of Schedule 13 (*Implementation Plan*);

“Out of Bounds Area”

means an area designated as out of bounds to Detainees unless they are there for justified reasons *and* under supervision;

“Parent Undertaking”

has the meaning set out in section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006;

“Partial Termination”

means the partial termination of this Contract to the extent that it relates to the provision of any part of the Services as further provided for in Clause 31.2(b) (*Termination by the Authority*) or 31.3(b) (*Termination by the Supplier*), or otherwise by mutual agreement by the Parties;

“Parties” and “Party”

have the meanings respectively given on page 1 of this Contract;

“Performance Failure”

means a KPI Failure;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Performance Indicators”	means the Key Performance Indicators;
“Performance Level”	means the minimum level of performance for a Performance Indicator which is required by the Authority, as set out against the relevant Performance Indicator in the tables in Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Permitted Maintenance”	has the meaning given in Clause 9.4 (<i>Maintenance</i>);
“Performance Monitoring Report”	has the meaning given in Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Personal Data”	has the meaning given in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
“Personal Data Breach”	has the meaning given in the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
“Person Escorting Record (PER)”	means a Person Escorting Record (PER) that informs staff and suppliers working in the detention estate how to communicate information about risks of escort or transfer using the Person Escort Record (PER) document;
“Personal Safety Training”	means Personal Safety Training approved by HMPPS;
“Post Implementation Period”	means <ul style="list-style-type: none">a) the period from the Operational Services Commencement Date until receipt of the Authority to Proceed (Full Service); andb) when the Supplier shall provide Operational Services for 160 Available Detainee Places in accordance with Annex B – Operational Staffing Model Staffing Table 1;
“Preceding Services”	has the meaning given in Clause 5.2(b) (<i>Standard of Services</i>);
“Prescribed Person”	means a legal adviser, an MP, or an appropriate body which a whistle-blower may make a disclosure to as detailed in ‘Whistleblowing: list of prescribed people and bodies’, available online at: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/blowing-the-whistle-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies--2/whistleblowing-list-of-prescribed-people-and-bodies , as updated from time to time;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Processor”	has the meaning given to it under the UK GDPR or the EU GDPR as the context requires;
“Processor Personnel”	means all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and suppliers of the Processor and/or of any Sub-processor engaged in the performance of its obligations under this Contract;
“Programme Board”	the body described in Paragraph of 5 of Schedule 21 (<i>Governance</i>), referenced as the Governance Group;
“Prohibited Act”	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) to directly or indirectly offer, promise or give any person working for or engaged by the Authority a financial or other advantage to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) induce that person to perform improperly a relevant function or activity; or(ii) reward that person for improper performance of a relevant function or activity;(b) to directly or indirectly request, agree to receive or accept any financial or other advantage as an inducement or a reward for improper performance of a relevant function or activity in connection with this Contract;(c) an offence:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) under the Bribery Act 2010 (or any legislation repealed or revoked by such Act);(ii) under legislation or common law concerning fraudulent acts; or(iii) defrauding, attempting to defraud or conspiring to defraud the Authority; or(d) any activity, practice or conduct which would constitute one of the offences listed under (c) above if such activity, practice or conduct had been carried out in the UK;
“Project Specific IPRs”	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Intellectual Property Rights in items created by the Supplier (or by a third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of this Contract and updates and amendments of

these items including (but not limited to) database schema; and/or

- (b) Intellectual Property Rights arising as a result of the performance of the Supplier's obligations under this Contract;

but shall not include the Supplier Background IPRs or the Specially Written Software;

“Protected Characteristic”

means the personal characteristics of Detainees as defined in characteristics (as described in the Equality Act);

“Protective Measures:

means appropriate technical and organisational measures which may include: pseudonymising and encrypting Personal Data, ensuring confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of systems and services, ensuring that availability of and access to Personal Data can be restored in a timely manner after an incident, and regularly assessing and evaluating the effectiveness of the such measures adopted by it;

“Public Sector Dependent Supplier”

means a supplier where that supplier, or that supplier’s group has Annual Revenue of £50 million or more of which over 50% is generated from UK Public Sector Business;

“Publishable Performance Information”

means any of the information in the Performance Monitoring Report as it relates to a Performance Indicator where it is expressed as publishable in Annex 1 to Schedule 3 (*Performance Levels*) which shall not constitute Commercially Sensitive Information;

“Quality Plans”

has the meaning given in Clause 6.1 (*Quality Plans*);

“Quarter”

the first three Service Periods and each subsequent three Service Periods (save that the final Quarter shall end on the date of termination or expiry of this Contract);

“Re-captured Detainee”

means any incident of a Detainee being recaptured following any incident of a Detainee absconding whilst under the Escort function for any period exceeding 15 minutes or less than 15 minutes if a further offence is committed;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Recipient”	has the meaning given in Clause 19.1 (<i>Confidentiality</i>);
“Records”	has the meaning given in Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>);
“Rectification Plan”	means a plan to address the impact of, and prevent the reoccurrence of, a Notifiable Default;
“Rectification Plan Failure”	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the Supplier failing to submit or resubmit a draft Rectification Plan to the Authority within the timescales specified in Clauses 25.4 (<i>Submission of the draft Rectification Plan</i>) or 25.8 (<i>Agreement of the Rectification Plan</i>);(b) the Authority, acting reasonably, rejecting a revised draft of the Rectification Plan submitted by the Supplier pursuant to Clause 25.7 (<i>Agreement of the Rectification Plan</i>);(c) the Supplier failing to rectify a material Default within the later of:<ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) 30 Working Days of a notification made pursuant to Clause 25.2 (<i>Notification</i>); or(ii) where the Parties have agreed a Rectification Plan in respect of that material Default and the Supplier can demonstrate that it is implementing the Rectification Plan in good faith, the date specified in the Rectification Plan by which the Supplier must rectify the material Default; a Material KPI Failure re-occurring in respect of the same Key Performance Indicator for the same (or substantially the same) root cause in any of the 3 Measurement Periods subsequent to the Measurement Period in which the initial Material KPI Failure occurred;(d) the Supplier not Achieving a Key Milestone by the expiry of the Delay Deduction Period; and/or(e) following the successful implementation of a Rectification Plan, the same Notifiable Default recurring within a period of 6 months for the same (or substantially the same) root cause as that of the original Notifiable Default;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Rectification Plan Process”	means the process set out in Clauses 25.4 (<i>Submission of the Rectification Plan</i>) to 25.9 (<i>Agreement of the Rectification Plan</i>);
“Refurbished Area”	means existing buildings that will be restored and refurbished to a good condition and state of repair;
“Registers”	has the meaning given in Schedule 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>);
“Reimbursable Expenses”	has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>);
“Release”	means to release a Detainee into liberty from the IRC, and no longer Detained under the Immigration Act 1971 (as amended);
“Relevant Authority”	“Relevant Authority” or “Relevant Authorities” means the Authority and the Cabinet Office Markets and Suppliers Team or, where the Supplier is a Strategic Supplier, the Cabinet Office Markets and Suppliers Team;
“Relevant IPRs”	means IPRs used to provide the Services or as otherwise provided and/or licensed by the Supplier (or to which the Supplier has provided access) to the Authority or a third party in the fulfilment of the Supplier’s obligations under this Contract including IPRs in the Specially Written Software, the Supplier Non-COTS Software, the Supplier Non-COTS Background IPRs, the Third Party Non-COTS Software and the Third Party Non-COTS IPRs but excluding any IPRs in the Authority Software, the Authority Background IPRs, the Supplier COTS Software, the Supplier COTS Background IPRs, the Third Party COTS Software and/or the Third Party COTS IPRs;
“Relevant Language”	means in relation to any Detainee a language that the Detainee is substantially capable of understanding;
“Relevant Preceding Services”	has the meaning given in Clause 5.2(b) (<i>Standard of Services</i>);
“Relevant Requirements”	means all applicable Law relating to bribery, corruption and fraud, including the Bribery Act 2010 and any guidance issued by the Secretary of State

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

	for Justice pursuant to section 9 of the Bribery Act 2010;
“Relevant Tax Authority”	means HMRC, or, if applicable, a tax authority in the jurisdiction in which the Supplier is established;
“Relevant Transfer”	means a transfer of employment to which the Employment Regulations applies;
“Relief Notice”	has the meaning given in Clause 29.2 (<i>Authority Cause</i>);
“Remedial Adviser”	means the person appointed pursuant to Clause 27.2 (<i>Remedial Adviser</i>);
“Remedial Adviser Failure”	has the meaning given in Clause 27.6 (<i>Remedial Adviser</i>);
“Removal Centre (or Immigration Removal Centre)”	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 147 of the 1999 Act as amended by Section 66(2)(b) of the 2002 Act. For the avoidance of doubt, in this Contract, references to the “Immigration Removal Centre or IRC” shall generally be construed as references to Campsfield Immigration Removal Centre incorporating all the buildings and structures and land on the Site(s) and any of the component parts, together with any extensions and alterations thereto existing from time to time in accordance with the Contract;
“Removal from Association”	means accommodation in the form of a Removal from Association Place as defined in Rule 40, DC Rules;
“Removal Directions”	means a formal document provided by the Home Office to the Detainee, informing them of their imminent removal from the UK;
“Removal Unit”	means a unit of accommodation for occupation by a Detainee or Detainees (including segregation units and units for occupation by disabled Detainees but excluding the Healthcare Centre);
“Re-occupation”	means access by Detainee following closure of a defined area of the IRC;
“Replacement Services”	means any services which are the same as or substantially similar to any of the Services and which the Authority receives in substitution for any of the Services following the expiry or termination or Partial

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

Termination of this Contract, whether those services are provided by the Authority internally and/or by any third party;

“Replacement Supplier”

means any third-party service provider of Replacement Services appointed by the Authority from time to time (or where the Authority is providing replacement Services for its own account, the Authority);

“Request For Information”

means a Request for Information under the FOIA or the EIRs;

“Required Action”

has the meaning given in Clause 28.1(a) (*Step-In Rights*);

“Required Staffing Levels”

means the minimum levels of staffing required as specified in Schedule 2 (*Services Description*), Section 14 (Personnel and Staffing) and Annex B;

“Retained Deliverables”

has the meaning given in Clause 32.8(b) (*Payments by the Supplier*);

“Return”

means the country to which a Detainee is removed to, typically, but not always, the country of their nationality;

“Risk Register”

means the register of risks and contingencies that have been factored into any Costs due under this Contract, a copy of which is set out in Annex 4 of Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*);

“Search Dogs”

means dogs used specifically for the purpose of seeking out contraband and other articles that could pose a threat to the Security of the Centre;

“Security Management Plan”

means the Supplier's security plan as attached as Annex 2 of Schedule 5 (*Security Management*) and as subsequently developed and revised pursuant to Paragraphs 3 and 4 of Schedule 5 (*Security Management*);

“Security Plan”

means the Supplier's systems and procedures approved from time to time by the Authority to support the Supplier's obligations to maintain security, control and safety as set out in Schedule 2 (*Services Description*), section 2 Security and Intelligence;

“Self-Audits”	means the Supplier’s programme to monitor processes within the IRC in relation to the contract;
“Senior Manager”	means a manager who possesses the knowledge and expertise to guide supervisors in their roles;
“Serious KPI Failure”	shall be as set out against the relevant Key Performance Indicator in Table 1 of Part I of Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Service Charges”	means the periodic payments made in accordance with <i>Schedule 15 (Charges and Invoicing)</i> in respect of the supply of the Operational Services;
“Service Continuity Plan”	means any plan prepared pursuant to Paragraph 2 of Schedule 26 (<i>Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning</i>) as may be amended from time to time;
“Service Continuity Services”	means the business continuity, disaster recovery and insolvency resolution services set out in Schedule 26 (<i>Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning</i>);
“Service Credit Cap”	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) in the period from 0 to 3 months from the first Operational Service Commencement Date to occur after the Effective Date, the Service Credit Cap for Service Credits excluding Critical Performance Failure Category and KP3 shall be the value equal to 0% of the Anticipated Average Monthly Service Profit Margin for the month in which the relevant Service KPI Failure occurred, with the option for the Authority to review.(b) in the period from 0 to 3 months from the first Operational Service Commencement Date to occur after the Effective Date the Service Credit Cap for KP3 shall be the value equal to 100% of the Anticipated Average Monthly Service Profit Margin for the month in which the relevant KPI Failure occurred. In accordance with paragraph 5.2, Critical Performance Failures Category Service Credits shall not be subject to the Service Credit Cap and shall be payable in full.(c) in the period from month 4 to month 6 from the first Operational Service Commencement Date to occur after the Effective Date, the Service Level Cap shall be the value equal to

100% of the Anticipated Average Monthly Service Profit Margin which shall apply to all service failures, other than as specified in sub-paragraph 5.1 (d) below;

- (d) in the period from month 4 to month 6 starting from the first Operational Service Commencement Date to occur after the Effective Date the Service Level Cap to be applied to service failures KPI13, KPI14, and KPI15, as set out in Annex 1, Table 2 for the month in which the service failures occurred, shall be the value equal to 0% of the Anticipated Average Monthly Service Profit Margin, with the option for the Authority to review. In accordance with paragraph 5.2, Critical Performance Failures Category Service Credits shall not be subject to the Service Credit Cap and shall be payable in full; and
- (e) in the period from month 7 to the remainder of the term of the Contract, starting from the first Operational Service Commencement Date to occur after the Effective Date, the Service Level Cap shall be the value equal to 100% of the Anticipated Average Monthly Service Profit Margin, which shall apply to all service failures for the month in which the relevant KPI Failures occurred. In accordance with paragraph 5.2, Critical Performance Failure Category Service Credits shall not be subject to the Service Credit Cap and shall be payable in full;.

“Service Credits”

means credits payable by the Supplier due to the occurrence of 1 or more KPI Failures, calculated in accordance with Paragraph 4 of Part C of Schedule 15 (*Charges and Invoicing*);

“Service Period”

means a calendar month, save that:

- (a) the first service period shall begin on the first Operational Service Commencement Date and shall expire at the end of the calendar month in which the first Operational Service Commencement Date falls; and
- (b) the final service period shall commence on the first day of the calendar month in which the Term expires or terminates and shall end on the expiry or termination of the Term;

“Service Points”

means in relation to a KPI Failure, the points that are set out against the relevant Key Performance

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

	Indicator in the fifth column of the table in Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Service Transfer Date”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);
“Services”	means any and all of the services to be provided by the Supplier under this Contract, including those set out in Schedule 2 (<i>Services Description</i>);
“Services Description”	means the services description set out in Schedule 2 (<i>Services Description</i>);
“Severe KPI Failure”	shall be as set out against the relevant Key Performance Indicator in Table 1 of Part I of Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>);
“Shop Profit”	<p>means the Supplier:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) may sell items in a shop within the Centre, for no more than the cost price plus 5%; and(b) must ensure that gross profits generated through the sale of items in shops within the Centre, must be made available for the benefit of Detainees, in accordance with the Detention Services Operating Standards manual;
“Site”	means, all that land together with the buildings and other structures which may exist thereon from time to time to this Contract and known as the Campsfield Immigration Removal Centre, from, to or at which the Services are (or are to be) provided;
“SME”	means an enterprise falling within the category of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises defined by the Commission Recommendation of 6 May 2003 concerning the definition of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises;
“Social Value”	means the additional social benefits that can be achieved in the delivery of the Contract set out in the Authority’s Requirements;
“Soft Facilities Management” or “Soft FM”	means facilities management activities required to deliver the Services that are not directly related to the physical structures within the IRC premises, but which are required to ensure the requirements within Schedule 2 (<i>Services Description</i>) and Schedule 35 (<i>Maintenance and Cleaning</i>) are met, including (but not limited to) pest control, cleaning

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

	services, grounds maintenance, catering & vending, waste management and reception services etc;
“Software”	means Specially Written Software, Supplier Software and Third Party Software;
“Software Supporting Materials”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 2.1(b) of Schedule 32 (<i>Intellectual Property Rights</i>);
“Source Code”	means computer programs and/or data in eye-readable form and in such form that it can be compiled or interpreted into equivalent binary code together with all related design comments, flow charts, technical information and documentation necessary for the use, reproduction, maintenance, modification and enhancement of such software;
“Specially Written Software”	means any software (including database software, linking instructions, test scripts, compilation instructions and test instructions) created by the Supplier (or by a Sub-contractor or other third party on behalf of the Supplier) specifically for the purposes of this Contract, including any modifications or enhancements to Supplier Software or Third Party Software created specifically for the purposes of this Contract;
“Specific Change in Law”	means a Change in Law that relates specifically to the business of the Authority and which would not affect a Comparable Supply;
“Staff” or “Supplier Staff”	means persons from time to time who work or perform duties or provide services (whether or not on a full-time basis and whether paid or volunteers) at or in relation to the IRC following the Full Operation Date who intend to continue such work or duties or services during the Full Operation Period, including without limitation the Centre Manager and any Detainee Custody Officer whether they are an employee, agent, consultant of or otherwise engaged by the Supplier, or an employee, agent, consultant of or otherwise engaged by any Sub-contractor, and a member of staff shall have the like meaning;
“Staffing Information”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Standards”	means the standards, policies and/or procedures identified in Schedule 4 (<i>Standards</i>);
“Step-In Notice”	has the meaning given in Clause 28.1 (<i>Step-In Rights</i>);
“Step-In Trigger Event”	<p>means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) any event falling within the definition of a Supplier Termination Event;(b) a Default by the Supplier that is materially preventing or materially delaying the performance of the Services or any material part of the Services;(c) the Authority considers that the circumstances constitute an emergency despite the Supplier not being in breach of its obligations under this Contract;(d) the Authority being advised by a regulatory body that the exercise by the Authority of its rights under Clause 28 (<i>Step-In Rights</i>) is necessary;(e) the existence of a serious risk to the health or safety of persons, property or the environment in connection with the Services; and/or(f) a need by the Authority to take action to discharge a statutory duty;
“Step-Out Date”	has the meaning given in Clause 28.5(b) (<i>Step-In Rights</i>);
“Step-Out Notice”	has the meaning given in Clause 28.5 (<i>Step-In Rights</i>);
“Step-Out Plan”	has the meaning given in Clause 28.6 (<i>Step-In Rights</i>);
“Sterile Area”	means an area designated as out of bounds to detainees except for Admission, Discharge or Release; typically, the area of the area of the IRC where access into and out of is strictly controlled which is used for the purpose of delivery or collection of goods or Detainees;
“Strategic Supplier”	means those suppliers to government listed at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/strategic-suppliers ;

“Sub-contract”	means any contract or agreement (or proposed contract or agreement) between the Supplier (or a Sub-contractor) and any third party whereby that third party agrees to provide to the Supplier (or the Sub-contractor) all or any part of the Services or facilities or services which are material for the provision of the Services or any part thereof or necessary for the management, direction or control of the Services or any part thereof;
“Sub-contractor”	means any third party who has contracted with the Supplier for the performance of any obligation of the Supplier under the Contract and has been approved by the Authority;
“Sub-processor”	any third party appointed to process Personal Data on behalf of the Supplier related to this Contract;
“Substantiated Complaint”	means any substantiated or partially substantiated complaint as defined in Table 2 of Part I: Key Performance Indicators of Schedule 3 (<i>Performance Levels</i>) and Section 9.6 of Schedule 2 (<i>Services Description</i>) which refers to the procedures for handling complaints in line with the DSO ‘Handling Complaints’;
“Subsidiary Undertaking”	has the meaning set out in section 1162 of the Companies Act 2006;
“Successor Body”	has the meaning given in Clause 34.4 (<i>Assignment and Novation</i>);
“Supplier Asset”	means assets bought by the Supplier which have not been recorded in the Fixed Cost input sheet of the Financial Pricing Model or charged to the Authority as a result of a Change Authorised Note;
“Supplier Background IPRs”	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Intellectual Property Rights owned by the Supplier before the Effective Date, for example those subsisting in the Supplier's standard development tools, program components or standard code used in computer programming or in physical or electronic media containing the Supplier's Know-How or generic business methodologies; and/or(b) Intellectual Property Rights created by the Supplier independently of this Contract,

which in each case is or will be used before or during the Term for designing, testing implementing or providing the Services but excluding Intellectual Property Rights owned by the Supplier subsisting in the Supplier Software;

“Supplier COTS Background IPRs”

means any embodiments of Supplier Background IPRs that:

- (a) the Supplier makes generally available commercially prior to the date of this Contract (whether by way of sale, lease or licence) on standard terms which are not typically negotiated by the Supplier save as to price; and
- (b) has a Non-trivial Customer Base;

“Supplier COTS Software”

means Supplier Software (including open source software) that:

- (a) the Supplier makes generally available commercially prior to the date of this Contract (whether by way of sale, lease or licence) on standard terms which are not typically negotiated by the Supplier save as to price; and
- (b) has a Non-trivial Customer Base;

“Supplier Equipment”

means the hardware, computer and telecoms devices and equipment used by the Supplier or its Sub-contractors (but not hired, leased or loaned from the Authority) for the provision of the Services;

“Supplier Group”

means the Supplier, its Dependent Parent Undertakings and all Subsidiary Undertakings and Associates of such Dependent Parent Undertakings;

“Supplier Non-COTS Background IPRs”

means any embodiments of Supplier Background IPRs that have been delivered by the Supplier to the Authority and that are not Supplier COTS Background IPRs;

“Supplier Non-COTS Software”

means Supplier Software that is not Supplier COTS Software;

“Supplier Non-Performance”

has the meaning given in Clause 29.1 (*Authority Cause*);

“Supplier Personnel”

means all directors, officers, employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Supplier and/or of

	any Sub-contractor engaged in the performance of the Supplier's obligations under this Contract;
"Supplier Profit"	has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>);
"Supplier Profit Margin"	has the meaning given in Schedule 15 (<i>Charges and Invoicing</i>);
"Supplier Representative"	means the representative appointed by the Supplier pursuant to Clause 11.3 (<i>Representatives</i>);
"Supplier Software"	means software which is proprietary to the Supplier (or an Affiliate of the Supplier) and which is or will be used by the Supplier for the purposes of providing the Services, including the software specified as such in Schedule 12 (<i>Software</i>);
"Supplier Solution"	means the Supplier's solution for the Services set out in Schedule 8 (<i>Supplier Solution</i>) including any Annexes of that Schedule;
"Supplier System"	means the information and communications technology system used by the Supplier in implementing and performing the Services including the Software, the Supplier Equipment, configuration and management utilities, calibration and testing tools and related cabling (but excluding the Authority System);
"Supplier Termination Event"	means: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the Supplier's level of performance constituting a Critical Performance Failure, but excluding the commission by the Supplier of all Minor or Serious Failures, unless they are Material KPI Failures;(b) the Supplier committing a material Default which is irremediable, but excluding the commission by the Supplier of all Minor or Serious KPI Failures, unless they are Material KPI Failures;(c) as a result of the Supplier's Default, but excluding the commission by the Supplier of Minor or Serious KPI Failures, unless they are Material KPI Failures, the Authority incurring Losses in any Contract Year which exceed 80% of the value of the aggregate annual liability cap for that Contract Year as set out in Clause 23.6(a) (<i>Financial and other Limits</i>);

- (d) a Remedial Adviser Failure;
- (e) a Rectification Plan Failure;
- (f) where a right of termination is expressly reserved in this Contract, including pursuant to:
 - (i) Clause 17 (*IPRs Indemnity*);
 - (ii) Clause 33.6 (Compliance)
 - (iii) Clause 37.6(b) (*Prevention of Fraud and Bribery*); and/or
 - (iv) Paragraph 64 of Schedule 18 (*Financial Distress*);
 - (v) Paragraph 12 of Part B to Schedule 26 (*Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning*);
- (g) the representation and warranty given by the Supplier pursuant to Clause 3.2(i) (*Warranties*) being materially untrue or misleading;
- (h) the Supplier committing a material Default under Clause 10.10 (*Promoting Tax Compliance*) or failing to provide details of steps being taken and mitigating factors pursuant to Clause 10.10 (*Promoting Tax Compliance*) which in the reasonable opinion of the Authority are acceptable;
- (i) the Supplier committing a material Default (but excluding the commission by the Supplier of all Minor or Serious KPI Failures, unless they are Material KPI Failures) under any of the following Clauses:
 - (i) Clause 5.5(j) (*Services*);
 - (ii) Clause 21 (*Protection of Personal Data*);
 - (iii) Clause 20 (*Transparency and Freedom of Information*);
 - (iv) Clause 19 (*Confidentiality*);
 - (v) Clause 33 (*Compliance*); and/orin respect of any security requirements set out in Schedule 2 (*Services Description*), Schedule 5 (*Security Management*) or the Baseline Security Requirements; and/or

in respect of any requirements set out in Schedule 28 (*Staff Transfer*);

- (j) any failure by the Supplier to implement the changes set out in a Benchmark Report as referred to in Paragraph 5.9 of Schedule 17 (*Benchmarking*);
- (k) an Insolvency Event occurring in respect of the Supplier or the Guarantor;
- (l) the Guarantee ceasing to be valid or enforceable for any reason (without the Guarantee being replaced with a comparable guarantee to the satisfaction of the Authority with the Guarantor or with another guarantor which is acceptable to the Authority);
- (m) a change of Control of the Supplier or a Guarantor unless:
 - (i) the Authority has given its prior written consent to the particular Change of Control, which subsequently takes place as proposed; or
 - (ii) the Authority has not served its notice of objection within 6 months of the later of the date on which the Change of Control took place or the date on which the Authority was given notice of the Change of Control;
- (n) a change of Control of a Key Sub-contractor unless, within 6 months of being notified by the Authority that it objects to such change of Control, the Supplier terminates the relevant Key Sub-contract and replaces it with a comparable Key Sub-contract which is approved by the Authority pursuant to Clause 15.6 (*Appointment of Key Sub-contractors*);
- (o) any failure by the Supplier to enter into or to comply with an Admission Agreement under the Annex to either Part A or Part B of Schedule 28 (*Staff Transfer*);
- (p) the Authority has become aware that the Supplier should have been excluded under Regulation 57(1) or (2) of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 from the procurement procedure leading to the award of this Contract; or
- (q) a failure by the Supplier to comply in the performance of the Services with legal

obligations in the fields of environmental, social or labour law;

(r) in relation to Schedule 5 (*Security Management*):

a. the Authority has issued two rejection notices in respect of the Risk Management Document Set under Paragraph 6.10;

b. the Supplier fails to implement a change required by the Required Changes Register in accordance with the timescales set out in the Required Changes Register;

c. Supplier COTS Software and Third Party COTS Software is not within mainstream support unless the Authority has agreed in writing.

d. the Supplier fails to patch vulnerabilities in accordance with the Security Requirements; and/or, e. the Supplier fails to comply with the Incident Management Process;

“Supply Chain Transparency Report”

means the report provided by the Supplier to the Authority in the form set out in Annex 4 of Schedule 24 (*Reports and Records Provisions*);

“System (or IT System)”

means any IT systems or supporting IT systems use by the Supplier, or any other agent acting on behalf of the Supplier to deliver the Services and which must be maintained in accordance with Schedule 5 (*Security Management*);

“Target Performance Level”

means the minimum level of performance for a Performance Indicator which is required by the Authority, as set out against the relevant Performance Indicator in the tables in Annex 1 of Schedule 3 (*Performance Levels*);

“Temporary Confinement”

means when a Detainee who is refractory or violent is temporarily confined, as defined by Rule 42, DC Rules;

“Temporary Confinement Unit”

means accommodation provided in a Temporary Confinement Room, as defined in Rule 42, DC Rules;

“Term”

means the period commencing on the Effective Date and ending on the expiry of the Initial Term or any Extension Period or on earlier termination of this Contract;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Termination Assistance Notice”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 5.10 of Schedule 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>);
“Termination Assistance Period”	means in relation to a Termination Assistance Notice, the period specified in the Termination Assistance Notice for which the Supplier is required to provide the Termination Services as such period may be extended pursuant to Paragraph 5.2 of Schedule 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>);
“Termination Date”	means the date set out in a Termination Notice on which this Contract (or a part of it as the case may be) is to terminate;
“Termination Notice”	means a written notice of termination given by one Party to the other, notifying the Party receiving the notice of the intention of the Party giving the notice to terminate this Contract (or any part thereof) on a specified date and setting out the grounds for termination;
“Termination Payment”	means the payment determined in accordance with Schedule 16 (<i>Payments on Termination</i>);
“Termination Services”	means the services and activities to be performed by the Supplier pursuant to the Exit Plan, including those activities listed in Annex 1 of Schedule 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>), and any other services required pursuant to the Termination Assistance Notice;
“Test Issues”	has the meaning given in Schedule 14 (<i>Testing Procedures</i>);
“Test Success Criteria”	has the meaning given in Schedule 14 (<i>Testing Procedures</i>);
“Tests” and “Testing”	means any tests required to be carried out under this Contract, as further described in Schedule 14 (<i>Testing Procedures</i>) and “Tested” shall be construed accordingly;
“Third Party Auditor”	means an independent third party auditor as appointed by the Authority from time to time to confirm the completeness and accuracy of information uploaded to the Virtual Library in accordance with the requirements outlined in Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>);

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Third Party Beneficiary”	has the meaning given in Clause 41.1 (<i>Third Party Rights</i>);
“Third Party COTS IPRs”	means Third Party IPRs that: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the Supplier makes generally available commercially prior to the date of this Contract (whether by way of sale, lease or licence) on standard terms which are not typically negotiated by the supplier save as to price; and(b) has a Non-trivial Customer Base;
“Third Party COTS Software”	means Third Party Software (including open source software) that: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) the supplier makes generally available commercially prior to the date of this Contract (whether by way of sale, lease or licence) on standard terms which are not typically negotiated by the supplier save as to price; and(b) has a Non-trivial Customer base;
“Third Party IPRs”	means Intellectual Property Rights owned by a third party but excluding Intellectual Property Rights owned by the third-party subsisting in any Third-Party Software; which in any case is, will be or is proposed to be used by the Supplier for the purposes of providing the Services;
“Third Party Non-COTS IPRs”	means Third Party IPRs that are not Third Party COTS IPRs;
“Third Party Non-COTS Software”	means Third Party Software that is not Third Party COTS Software;
“Third Party Provisions”	has the meaning given in Clause 41.1 (<i>Third Party Rights</i>);
“Third Party Software”	means software which is proprietary to any third party (other than an Affiliate of the Supplier) or any Open Source Software which in any case is, will be or is proposed to be used by the Supplier for the purposes of providing the Services, including the software specified as such in Schedule 12 (<i>Software</i>);
“Transferring Assets”	has the meaning given in Paragraph 6.2(a) of Schedule 25 (<i>Exit Management</i>);

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Transferring Authority Employees”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);
“Transferring Former Supplier Employees”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);
“Transferring Supplier Employees”	has the meaning given in Schedule 28 (<i>Staff Transfer</i>);
“Transparency Information”	has the meaning given in Clause 20.1 (<i>Transparency and Freedom of Information</i>);
“Transparency Report”	has the meaning given in Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>);
“Transition Milestone”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“Transition Outstanding List”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>) paragraph 8;.
“Transition Period”	has the meaning given in Schedule 13 (<i>Implementation Plan</i>);
“UK”	means the United Kingdom;
“UK GDPR”	means Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (United Kingdom General Data Protection Regulation), as it forms part of the law of England and Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland by virtue of section 3 of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, together with the Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communications (Amendments etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019;
“UK Public Sector Business”	means any goods, service or works provision to UK public sector bodies, including Central Government Departments and their arm's length bodies and agencies, non-departmental public bodies, NHS bodies, local authorities, health bodies, police, fire and rescue, education bodies and devolved administrations;
“Unacceptable KPI Failure”	means the Supplier failing to achieve more than 50% of the KPIs that are measured in that Service Period;

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

“Unconnected Subcontract”	means any contract or agreement which is not a Subcontract and is between the Supplier and a third party (which is not an Affiliate of the Supplier) and is a qualifying contract under regulation 6 of The Reporting on Payment Practices and Performance Regulations 2017;
“Unconnected Subcontractor”	means any third party with whom the Supplier enters into an Unconnected Subcontract;
“Unrecovered Payment”	has the meaning given in Schedule 16 (<i>Payments on Termination</i>);
“Updates”	means in relation to any Software and/or any Deliverable means a version of such item which has been produced primarily to overcome Defects in, or to improve the operation of, that item;
“Update Requirement”	means the occurrence of an event detailed in Schedule 24 (<i>Reports and Records Provisions</i>) Annex 4 (Virtual Library) which requires the Supplier to update the relevant information hosted on the Virtual Library;
“Upgrades”	means any patch, New Release or upgrade of Software and/or a Deliverable, including standard upgrades, product enhancements, and any modifications, but excluding any Update which the Supplier or a third-party software supplier (or any Affiliate of the Supplier or any third party) releases during the Term;
“Use of Force”	means, when an employee of the Supplier uses force against a Detainee following the legal standard as set out in Detention Centre Rule 41; either planned in advance or spontaneous;
“Use of Force Report”	means the recorded particulars of every case of use of force required in the manner to be directed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department, as defined in Rule 41, DC Rules;
“VAT”	means value added tax as provided for in the Value Added Tax Act 1994;
“Valid”	means in respect of an Assurance, has the meaning given to it in Paragraph 11.7 of Part 2 to Schedule 26

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE

(Service Continuity Plan and Corporate Resolution Planning);

“VCSE”

means a voluntary, community and social enterprises which are non-governmental organisations that are value-driven and which principally reinvests its surpluses to further social, environmental or cultural objectives;

“Virtual Library”

means the data repository hosted by the Supplier containing the information about this Contract and the Services provided under it in accordance with Schedule 24 (*Reports and Records Provisions*);

“Visitor(s)”

means those persons visiting the IRC (or any part thereof);

“Visiting Child(ren)”

means Child(ren) who are visiting those who are detained in the IRC;

“Visits Area”

means the designated area where Detainees receive Visitors;

“Vulnerable Detainee”

means a Detainee who is at risk of suicide or self-harm, an Adult At Risk, a food or fluid refuser, subject to age dispute or otherwise require safeguarding;

“Working Day”

any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday observed by the Supplier in England; and

“Year”

means a calendar year unless otherwise specified.